STUDY MODULE DESCRIPTION FORM						
	the module/subject		Code			
Phys Field of			Profile of study	1010101211010410007 Year /Semester		
Field of study			(general academic, practical)			
		eering First-cycle Studies		1/1		
Elective path/specialty			Subject offered in: Polish	Course (compulsory, elective) obligatory		
Cycle of study: Form of study (full-time,part-time)						
	First-cyc	cle studies	full-time			
No. of h	ours			No. of credits		
Lectur	e: 15 Classes	s: 15 Laboratory: 15	Project/seminars:	- 5		
Status o	-	program (Basic, major, other)	(university-wide, from another fight			
		(brak)	(brak)			
Educatio	on areas and fields of sci	ence and art		ECTS distribution (number and %)		
Resp	onsible for subje	ect / lecturer:	Responsible for subjec	t / lecturer:		
ema tel. 6 Faci	. dr hab. Grażyna Biał il: grazyna.bialek-bylk 51 665-31-85 ulty of Technical Phys Piotrowo 3 60-965 Poz	a@put.poznan.pl ics	Prof. dr hab. Grażyna Białek-Bylka email: grazyna.bialek-bylka@put.poznan.pl tel. 61 665-31-85 Faculty of Technical Physics ul. Piotrowo3 60-965 Poznań			
Prere	quisites in term	s of knowledge, skills and	d social competencies:			
1	Knowledge	Basic knowledge in physics and mathematics (basic level of elementary and secondary school)				
2	Skills	Skills in solving of elementary problems of physics on the basis of personal knowledge and information from known sources				
3	Social competencies	Understanding of the necessity of the broadening of the self -competence and readiness to cooperate in group				
Assu	mptions and obj	ectives of the course:				
As a result of teaching general physics course at the University of Technology one ought expect good background in physics as outcome giving a base for the logical presentation and understanding technical problems.						
	Study outco	mes and reference to the	educational results for	a field of study		
Know	/ledge:					
1. give	definitions of the bas	ic physical formulas and examples	s of their application - [[K_W02]]		
2. explain the basic physical laws and explain conditions for their application - [[K_W02]]						
3. explain the goal and the significance of the models in the explanation of the physical phenomenon?s - [[K_W02]]						
Skills						
1. apply the basic physical laws and simple models in the solving of the uncomplicated problems - [[K_U01]]						
2. make plan and perform standard measurements of the basic physical phenomenon and evaluate the conditions disturbing measurement - [[K_U01]]						
3. give quantity and quality analyses of simple physical experiments - [[K_U01]]						
4. formulate simple conclusions on the basis of the calculation results and measurements - [[K_U01]]						
5. use the literature and also other sources of knowledge - [[K_U05]]						
Social competencies:						
1. actively take part in the solving problems and is independent and capable to extend self-competences - [[K_K01]]						
2. resp	onsible collaborate in	the team - [[K_K03]]				
3. behave according to the ethic roles - [[K_K02]]						

Assessment methods of study outcomes

Written examination and test: pass 50.1%-70.0%, good 70.1%-90.0%, very good from 90.1%

Laboratory?s reports, answer the questions (written and oral): student is able to distinguish between different kinds of errors and also calculate uncertainty in more complicated situations and besides these abilities student is also able to use laboratory equipment?s and find out uncertainty calculate total or logarithmic differential; student is able recalculate units and give graphical analysis of results (linear regression) and student knows how to present uncertainties on graphs, student knows how correctly present data with uncertainties, student is able to find out conclusion concerning measured value with value from literature tables.

Classes activity evaluation: moderation engagement of student in the problem solving, student is interested in problem solving

Course description

Mechanics: kinetics and dynamics, the law of conservation of energy, gravitational potential energy, power, linear momentum (momentum and its relation to force, conservation of momentum, centre of mass), rotational motion (rotational dynamics, angular momentum and its conservation, rotational kinetics energy).

Electricity: electric charge & charge conservation, insulators and conductors, Coulomb?s law, the electric field (point charge, dipole), motion of a charge particle in an electric, Gauss's law and its application, electric potential, capacitance and resistance, circuits.

Wave optics: wave nature of light and wave-matter interactions (reflection and refraction, interference, diffraction, polarization).

Basic bibliography:

1. D. Halliday, R. Resnick, J. Walker, Fundamentals of Physics, J. Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York, Chichester, Brisbane, Toronto & Singapore, 1997.

Additional bibliography:

1. D. C. Giancoli, Physics for Scientists & Engineers, Prentice Hall, Upper Saddle River, New Jersey 07458, 2000

Result of average student's workload						
Activity	Time (working hours)					
1. Share in the lectures	15					
2. Share in the classes	15					
3. Share in the lab.	15					
4. Preparation for classes	28					
5. Preparation for test	6					
6. Preparation for lab.	28					
7. Homework reports for lab.	28					
8. Consultations	3					
9. Preparation for examination	12					
10. Examination period	3					
Student's workload						
Source of workload	hours	ECTS				
Total workload	152	5				
Contact hours	51	2				
Practical activities	74	3				